

## Swelect Energy Systems Ltd — 02 May 2025 Credit Rating Summary

This summary is prepared from the perspective of an equity analyst, focusing on the structural improvements and financial health of Swelect Energy Systems Ltd (SESL).

### Credit Rating Summary: Swelect Energy Systems Limited (SESL)

Section	Details
Agency	CRISIL Ratings
Rating Change	<b>Reaffirmed / Reassigned.</b> Bank Facilities: <b>A-</b> (Reaffirmed); NCDs: <b>A (CE)</b> (Reassigned from A- due to Credit Enhancement structure).
Outlook (Current vs Previous)	<b>Stable vs Stable</b>
Key Drivers of Change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RG Structure (113 MW Pool):</b> Co-obligor structure across 7 subsidiaries provides cash flow diversity and "cash trap" protections.</li> <li>• <b>Foundry Exit:</b> Sale of the casting business refocuses SESL as a pure-play green energy firm with improved asset lean-ness.</li> <li>• <b>Improved PAT Margins:</b> Jump from <b>2.25% to 26.59% (FY24)</b> suggests high-margin solar IPP contributions and one-time gains from business exits.</li> <li>• <b>Refinancing Strength:</b> Raised <b>₹290 Cr</b> to refinance debt, freeing up mutual fund investments for future capex.</li> </ul>
Rated Instruments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Bank Facilities:</b> ₹345.0 Cr</li> </ul>
Key Observations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>(+) Asset Pooling:</b> Surplus cash from 113 MW solar assets can be cross-utilized to service debt across the Restricted Group.</li> <li>• <b>(+) Counterparty Quality:</b> Low offtake risk with Tier-1 clients like SECI, CESC, and Airports Authority of India (AAI).</li> <li>• <b>(+) Capital Structure:</b> Gearing remains conservative with Adjusted Debt/Networth at <b>0.67x</b>.</li> <li>• <b>(-) Interest Coverage Pressure:</b> Dropped from <b>2.12x (FY23) to 1.54x (FY24)</b>, indicating rising finance costs or front-loaded debt servicing.</li> <li>• <b>(-) Revenue Stagnation:</b> Operating income dipped slightly from <b>₹245.7 Cr to ₹237.3 Cr</b>, highlighting dependence on EPC execution cycles.</li> <li>• <b>(-) Climatic Risk:</b> IPP business remains vulnerable to solar Plant Load Factor (PLF) fluctuations.</li> </ul>
Investor Impact	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Growth:</b> Expansion focused on Solar PV modules and EPC; foundry exit removes a legacy drag.</li> <li>• <b>Margins:</b> Higher sustainability of margins expected as solar IPP assets mature, though EPC remains competitive.</li> <li>• <b>Leverage:</b> Refinancing provides a liquidity buffer (DSRA for 2 quarters); no immediate equity dilution risk.</li> <li>• <b>Governance:</b> Restricted Group (RG) covenants prevent cash leakage to the parent unless debt obligations are comfortably met (DSCR &gt; 1.2x).</li> </ul>
Agency / Cross Analysis	<p><b>Same Agency (CRISIL):</b> The transition of the NCD rating to '<b>A (CE)</b>' is a structural upgrade rather than a fundamental credit upgrade. While the consolidated financial risk profile is stable, the rating agency recognizes the <b>Restricted Group (RG)</b> mechanism as a superior credit safeguard. <b>Inconsistency Note:</b> There is a disconnect between the massive jump in PAT and the <i>decrease</i> in interest coverage, suggesting high non-cash income or one-time tax/exit gains that don't immediately boost cash flow for debt servicing.</p>
Final Inference	<p><b>Structural De-risking:</b> The shift to a Co-obligor RG structure makes the debt profile safer, potentially lowering future borrowing costs. While revenue is flat, the <b>exit from the foundry business</b> and the <b>26%+ PAT margin</b> signal a higher-quality earnings profile for equity holders.</p>