

Adani Power Ltd — 11 Aug 2025 Credit Rating Summary

Section	Details
Agency	CRISIL Ratings
Rating Change	Reaffirmed at CRISIL AA / Stable (Upgraded from AA- to AA in late 2024)
Outlook (Current vs Previous)	Stable vs Stable
Key Drivers of Change	Deleveraging: Net Debt/EBITDA improved to 1.4x (Mar-25) from 3.3x (Mar-23); target to sustain <2.5x despite capex. Operational Scale: 18.1 GW operational capacity; 83% tied under long-term PPAs providing high cash flow visibility. Regulatory Windfall: Resolution of past dues (carrying costs/surcharge) bolstered liquidity. Receivable Recovery: Bangladesh (BPDB) dues reduced via \$411M payment in June 2025; cycle normalized despite regional volatility.
Rated Instruments	• NCDs: ₹11,000 Cr (CRISIL AA/Stable) • Bank Guarantee: ₹5,226.01 Cr (CRISIL AA/Stable) • Rupee Term Loans: ~₹21,000 Cr (Total across tranches) (CRISIL AA/Stable) • Working Capital: ₹15,590 Cr (CRISIL AA/Stable)
Key Observations	Strengths: • Largest private thermal producer in India (18.1 GW). • Strong fuel security: 57% of total capacity (81% of domestic) backed by FSAs. • Robust profitability: Annual EBITDA expected at ~₹20,000 Cr. • Strong liquidity: Cash balance of ₹6,283 Cr (Mar-25). Risks: • Merchant Risk: 16% capacity (approx. 2.9 GW) exposed to spot price volatility. • Counterparty Risk: Exposure to weak state discoms and geopolitical risk (Bangladesh). • Execution Risk: Aggressive target of 30 GW by 2030 requires massive staggered capex.
Investor Impact	Growth: Strong roadmap to 30GW; brownfield projects offer higher IRR. Margins: High fuel linkage protects margins from global coal spikes. Leverage: Massive deleveraging (1.4x) provides significant headroom for debt-funded growth without stressing the balance sheet. Dilution Risk: Low; strong cash accruals (>₹15,000 Cr/year) likely to fund equity portion of capex.
Agency / Cross Analysis	Same Agency: Reaffirmation confirms that the 2024 upgrade to 'AA' was not a one-off; CRISIL views the Bangladesh recovery and 1.4x leverage as structural improvements. Key Reasoning: Focus on the transition from a "stressed/regulatory-heavy" utility to a "cash-rich/growth-ready" entity. Treated ₹9,700 Cr Perpetual Securities as 100% equity, further strengthening ratios.
Final Inference	Real Credit Improvement. The shift from 3.3x to 1.4x leverage despite political unrest in Bangladesh signals a highly resilient cash flow model. For equity investors, APL is now a "Self-Funding Growth" story with minimal insolvency or dilution risk.