

Coal India Ltd — 27 Apr 2026 Credit Rating Summary

Section	Details
Agency	CARE Ratings Ltd.
Rating Change	Reaffirmed (No Change: CARE AAA / CARE A1+)
Outlook (Current vs Previous)	Stable vs Stable
Key Drivers of Change	Strategic Sovereign Linkage: 63.13% GoI ownership and 74% contribution to India's coal production; essential for energy security. Robust Financial Buffer: Unencumbered cash of ₹45,000 Cr (Dec-25) and ultra-low gearing of 0.11x. Tax Asset Monetization: GST hike to 18% (from 5%) allows CIL to offset ₹17,006 Cr in previously trapped Input Tax Credit (ITC), boosting cash flows. Revenue Visibility: Long-term Fuel Supply Agreements (FSAs) for ~617.70 MTPA ensure steady off-take despite commercial mining entry.
Rated Instruments	LT Cash Credit: ₹6,925 Cr CARE AAA; Stable ST-BG/LC: ₹5,565 Cr CARE A1+ Term Loan (LT): ₹1,680.38 Cr CARE AAA; Stable
Key Observations	Production Target: Set at 815 MT for FY27 (vs 768 MT in FY26) to maintain market dominance. Legal Headwinds: Retrospective mineral tax liability estimated at ₹31,591 Cr (Gross); management expects net impact of ₹6,000 Cr after customer recoveries. Contingent Liabilities: High at ₹56,471 Cr (as of March 2025), a significant portion of net worth. Operational Headwinds: 9MFY26 TOI dropped ~5% due to elongated monsoons and a ₹2,201 Cr pay-scale provision. Capex Plan: Large outlay of ₹16,000–16,500 Cr/year for FY27-29, focus on evacuation (rail/FMC) and diversification. ESG Risk: High environmental impact; however, carbon sink potential and massive CSR spend (₹740 Cr) mitigate social risks.
Investor Impact	Growth: Stable 5-7% production growth; diversification into critical minerals (Graphite) adds long-term optionality. Margins: Healthy PBILDT at 28.94%; e-auction premiums remain the primary swing factor for profitability. Leverage/Dilution: Zero dilution risk; internal accruals comfortably cover massive capex and high dividend payouts. Liquidity: Strong; retrospective tax payments spread over 12 years prevents any immediate cash crunch.
Agency / Cross Analysis	Same Agency: CARE maintains its stance from Oct-25. Key Update: The inclusion of the Supreme Court's retrospective tax verdict and the GST structure change. While the tax ruling is a negative "Event Risk," CARE offsets this with the ₹17,006 Cr ITC unlock and the 12-year payment window granted by the court. Conclusion: Improvement in liquidity visibility despite legal setbacks.
Final Inference	CIL remains a "Sovereign Proxy." The key insight for equity is the GST-ITC unlock (~₹17k Cr), which effectively acts as a hedge against the SC retrospective tax ruling. The balance sheet is bulletproof, supporting continued high dividend yields.