

Rashtriya Chemicals & Fertilizers Ltd — 14 Apr 2026 Credit Rating Summary

Based on the CRISIL Ratings update dated April 14, 2026, here is the equity-focused credit analysis for Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited (RCF).

Credit Rating Summary: Rashtriya Chemicals and Fertilizers (RCF)

Section	Details
Agency	CRISIL Ratings
Rating Change	Maintained / Under Observation (No notch change, but sector-wide risk update)
Outlook (Current vs Previous)	Stable (Maintained despite geopolitical headwinds)
Key Drivers of Change	West Asia Conflict: 75–80% of ammonia imports originate from the Middle East; supply disruptions threaten urea production stability. Gas Supply Regulation: The NGS Order 2026 limits domestic gas to 70% of average consumption, forcing reliance on costlier imported LNG. Energy Efficiency: Suboptimal capacity utilization due to gas shortages is expected to degrade energy conversion ratios, hurting margins. Subsidy Reliance: Profitability remains sensitive to the Nutrient Based Subsidy (NBS) rates and timely GoI disbursements.
Rated Instruments	Unutilized Working Capital: ~₹2,000 Cr (as of Feb 2026) Term Loan Repayments: ₹73 Cr (Immediate) & ₹190 Cr (Q1 FY27) Commercial Paper / Bank Facilities: Rated high-grade (Assumed AA/A1+ based on PSU status)
Key Observations	Strengths: - Significant liquidity buffer with ₹2,000 Cr unutilized bank lines. - Strategic importance as a PSU ensures sovereign-backed credit profile. - Managed debt maturity profile (₹263 Cr total near-term repayment). Concerns: - High import dependency for raw materials (Ammonia/LNG) makes P&L vulnerable to freight/global price spikes. - Reduced capacity utilization directly leads to "suboptimal energy efficiency," a key driver of manufacturing costs. - Uncertainty in non-urea segment profitability due to fluctuating retail prices.
Investor Impact	Margins: Negative Bias. Energy inefficiency and expensive LNG spot purchases will likely compress EBITDA margins in the near term. Leverage: Stable. Strong liquidity and government support mitigate default risk. Growth: Capped. Production volumes are restricted by gas availability (70% domestic cap). Dilution Risk: Nil (PSU status and adequate internal accruals/liquidity).
Agency / Cross Analysis	Same Agency: This update introduces a "Geopolitical Risk" overlay not present in previous fundamental reviews. While financials remain "Adequate," the operational outlook has shifted from Growth-oriented to Resilience-oriented. Conclusion: Deterioration in Operating Environment. While the credit rating remains robust due to liquidity, the "quality" of earnings is under pressure.
Final Inference	Real Risk Signal: The credit profile is protected by a ₹2,000 Cr liquidity wall, but the equity story is weakening. Suboptimal plant utilization and the 70% gas cap suggest an imminent hit to operating margins and ROE.