

GMR Power & Urban Infra Ltd — Rating update 25 Feb Credit Rating Summary

Section	Details
Agency	Infomerics Valuation and Rating Limited (IVR)
Rating Change	Reaffirmed (Long Term: IVR BBB- / Short Term: IVR A3) • NCD Rating Withdrawn (Paid/Extinguished)
Outlook	Stable (Maintained)
Key Drivers of Change	Asset Monetization: Received ₹1,387 Cr from NHAI settlement; used for debt reduction. Energy Consolidation: Revenue surged 41% to ₹6,343.97 Cr; PAT turned positive at ₹1,552.25 Cr (vs. loss in FY24). Debt Reduction: Total debt fell by ₹3,599.42 Cr (from ₹13,854.88 Cr to ₹10,255.46 Cr) via divestments. Net Worth Recovery: Tangible Net Worth (TNW) turned positive (₹44.84 Cr) from a deep negative (₹-5,760.88 Cr) due to profit retention and adjustment of intangibles.
Rated Instruments	• LT Bank Facilities: ₹380.00 Cr (IVR BBB- / Stable) • ST Bank Facilities: ₹5.30 Cr (IVR A3) • Total Rated: ₹385.30 Cr
Key Observations	Strengths: • Established GMR Group lineage with experienced management. • Diversified portfolio (Energy, EPC, Highways, Smart Meters). • Majority of debt is housed in self-sustaining operational SPVs. Concerns: • Liquidity Mismatch: GCA of ₹415.10 Cr vs. maturing debt of ₹1,545.18 Cr (Major gap). • Extreme Gearing: Overall gearing at 230.22x despite improvement. • Thin Coverage: ISCR at 1.06x provides almost no cushion for interest shocks. • Volatility: Profitability sensitive to fuel (coal) and input (steel/cement) prices.
Investor Impact	• Growth: Revenue profile is stronger post-energy business consolidation. • Leverage: Massive debt reduction is positive, but the company remains "Stretched" from a cash-flow perspective. • Repayment Risk: Survival depends on successful non-core asset sales (land parcels) rather than operational cash flows. • Equity Risk: Thin net worth and high gearing suggest high sensitivity to any delays in monetization.
Agency / Cross Analysis	Same Agency (Feb 2026 vs Feb 2025): Rating maintained despite significant P&L improvement (Loss to Profit) and ₹3.6k Cr debt reduction. Reasoning: IVR is cautious of the "Stretched Liquidity" where current cash accruals cover only ~27% of immediate debt obligations. Conclusion: Improvement. The transition to positive TNW and operational profit is a major credit positive, but structural leverage prevents an upgrade.
Final Inference	Real Improvement in Deleveraging: The company is successfully pivoting from a "distressed" to a "recovery" profile through aggressive asset sales. However, the Liquidity Gap (₹1,130 Cr shortfall for FY26 debt) remains a critical risk signal for equity holders.