

Coal India Ltd — Jul 2025 Quarterly Analysis

1. VERDICT & BUSINESS QUALITY SNAPSHOT

Result: Weak Miss **One-line:** The "volume-led growth" thesis is under severe duress as sales quantity contracted 4% YoY in Q1, making the management's FY26 target of 875 MT mathematically improbable without a massive H2 recovery.

Dimension	This Quarter	Signal / Evidence	Sentiment
Beat/Miss vs Guidance / Prior Quarter	Weak Miss	Offtake of 190.59 MT is a 4% YoY decline; well below the ~219 MT/quarter run-rate needed.	☐
Earnings Quality	Moderate	PAT buffered by ₹499 Cr Stripping Activity Provision Reversal, offsetting a 4% volume drop.	☐
Guidance Confidence	Weak	875 MT target now requires 228 MT/qtr for the rest of FY26; historical performance suggests this is unlikely.	☐
Management Credibility	Deteriorating	Repeatedly missing volume targets while maintaining optimistic long-term guidance (1 BT).	☐
Business Quality Signal	Stable	Core FSA pricing power remains intact (+1.7% YoY) providing a defensive floor.	☐
Key Q&A Exchange	N/A — PPT_ONLY	No concall conducted or available.	☐
The Street's Primary Anxiety	Volume Stagnation	Can CIL overcome land/clearance hurdles to restore growth, or is it a "yield-only" story?	☐
Capital Cycle Stage	Investment	Continued spend on FMC and evacuation; SECL impairment (₹167 Cr) signals regulatory friction.	☐
Margin / Return Ratio Trajectory	Stable	Flat overall realization (₹1,673) and controlled employee costs (-1% YoY) protect margins.	☐
Pricing Power	Stable	FSA realizations improved 1.7%; E-auction premiums are stabilizing at ~50% over FSA.	☐
FCF Conversion & Quality	Weakening	Significant buildup in Gross Trade Receivables (up ₹3,619 Cr since March 2025).	☐
Competitive Moat Signals	Stable	Monopoly position remains unchallenged despite volume slippages.	☐
Balance Sheet Strength	Strong	Cash-rich, but receivable spike warrants monitoring for working capital stress.	☐
Working Capital Efficiency	Deteriorating	Trade receivables jumped 26% in a single quarter to ₹17,356 Cr.	☐
Mgmt Guidance Track Record	Unreliable	After a flat FY25, starting FY26 with a volume contraction further damages credibility.	☐
Key Vulnerability / Red Flag	Receivable Spike	₹3,619 Cr increase in receivables in Q1 is an unusually sharp spike for a seasonally neutral quarter.	☐
Management Tone	N/A	Based on PPT only.	☐

Sentiment: ☐Negative

Key Takeaways (Positives & Negatives): * **Positives:** CIL successfully held the line on realizations (₹1,673/Te overall) despite falling e-auction prices, thanks to a 1.7% uptick in FSA prices. Employee costs, the largest overhead, were kept in check (-1% YoY) through a 3% reduction in headcount (now 2,18,190), though this was partially offset by actuarial liability increases. * **Negatives:** The growth engine has stalled; Q1 volumes fell 4% YoY to 190.59 MT. This contraction was across segments, with E-auction volumes falling 8% and Washed Coal prices crashing 21% YoY. More alarmingly, gross trade receivables spiked by ₹3,619 Cr in just 90 days, primarily driven by WCL, NCL, and ECL. * **The Street's Concern:** Analysts are likely to shift from "E-auction premium" anxiety to "Volume and Working Capital" anxiety. The inability to grow volumes in a power-deficit environment suggests deep-rooted operational/regulatory bottlenecks in SECL and CCL that the FMC (First Mile Connectivity) projects haven't yet resolved. * **Watchpoint:** Monitor H1 FY26 total offtake. If the cumulative volume does not exceed 410 MT by September, the 875 MT annual target will face inevitable and sharp consensus downgrades.

2. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

2A. KEY METRICS

DATA SOURCE: Concall not available — Mgmt Commentary column derived from PPT variance reasons.

Metric	Current Qtr (Q1 FY26)	YoY Change	QoQ Change	Trend	Mgmt Commentary
Production Volume (MT)	Not in doc	-	-	-	PPT only provides sales (offtake) quantity.
Offtake Volume (MT)	190.59	↓ 4.0%	↓	↓	8 MT reduction YoY; E-auction qty down 1.87 MT.
FSA Realization (₹/Te)	1,549.63	↑ 1.7%	↑	↑	Driven by better grade mix/pricing.
E-Auction Realization (₹/Te)	2,331.51	↓ 3.3%	↓	↓	Normalization of premiums continues.
Opex per unit (₹/Te)	~1,418*	↑ 4.3%	↑	↓	*Derived from total costs. Impacted by lower volume leverage.
Revenue (₹Cr)	31,885**	↓ 3.9%	↓	↓	**Derived (Total Qty * Avg Realization). Volume decline led.
EBITDA (₹Cr)	Not in doc	-	-	-	PPT lacks a consolidated P&L summary.
PAT (₹Cr)	Not in doc	-	-	-	PPT focuses on variance analysis, not net profit.
Net Debt / (Cash)	(Cash Rich)	→	→	→	No new debt mentioned; internal accruals funding capex.
Gross Trade Receivables	17,356	↓ 10.7%	↑ 26.3%	↓	Compared to June '24 (19,450), but up vs March '25 (13,737).
Employee Costs (₹Cr)	11,323	↓ 1.1%	↓	↑	12k retirements/yr helping; discount rate change (+266 Cr) hurt.
Stripping Reversal (₹Cr)	499	↑	↑	↑	Acts as a non-cash buffer for P&L.

2B. SEGMENT BREAKDOWN (Subsidiary-wise Receivables)

Segment (Subsidiary)	Receivables (₹ Cr)	Change vs Mar '25	Trend	vs Company Avg	Key Development
WCL	4,092	+ ₹717 Cr	↓	Worse	High working capital intensity.
NCL	2,500	+ ₹589 Cr	↓	Worse	Significant buildup in a single quarter.
MCL	2,867	+ ₹403 Cr	↓	Average	Usually the strongest performer; showing collection lag.
SECL	1,655	- ₹1,154 Cr	↑	Better	Best improvement in collections (down from ₹2,809 Cr).
ECL	2,005	+ ₹654 Cr	↓	Worse	Deteriorating collection cycle.

3. MANAGEMENT OUTLOOK & EXECUTION TRACKER

Dimension	Category	Management Target / Claim	Required Run-Rate / Mathematical Feasibility	Historical Delivery	Risk Flag
Guidance	Volume	875 MT for FY26.	Needs 228 MT/qtr. Q1 was 190.6 MT. Highly improbable given 4% contraction.	Miss (FY25 was flat).	High
Guidance	Manpower	3% reduction per year.	On track (2.25L to 2.18L YoY). Feasible.	Delivered.	Low
Strategy	Evacuation	FMC to handle bulk volumes.	Rake loading reduction by 4% in Q1 contradicts FMC benefit claims.	Inconsistent.	Moderate
Macro	Regulatory	Safety zones for blocks.	SECL blocks (17) declared safety zones; ₹167 Cr impairment taken.	New Headwind.	Moderate
Strategy	Pricing	Stabilize E-Auction.	Q1 Premium at ~50% (₹2,331 vs ₹1,549). Consistent with 30-40% floor guidance.	Reliable.	Low

(PPT_ONLY mode: Link to Q# not applicable.)

4. ANALYST Q&A

Section not applicable — investor presentation only. No concall conducted or available.

5. WHAT CHANGED vs PRIOR QUARTER

Trajectory Signal (vs Q4 FY25): The business has shifted from a "stable but optimistic" stance to a "defensive and struggling" one. While Q4 showed bottom-line protection via cost control, Q1 shows the limits of that strategy when top-line volumes actually shrink. The sharp receivable buildup (₹3,619 Cr) is a new and concerning divergence from the cash-flow-rich profile of previous quarters.

What Changed	Prior Quarter (Q4 FY25)	This Quarter (Q1 FY26)	Direction
Volume Momentum	Flat (0% growth)	Contraction (-4% YoY)	↓ Deteriorating
Receivables	Improving (₹3,000 Cr realization)	Sharp Spike (+₹3,619 Cr vs Mar-25)	↓ Deteriorating
Operational Friction	Land/Clearance issues cited	17 SECL blocks declared safety zones (₹167 Cr loss)	↓ Deteriorating
E-Auction Trend	Premium floor found at 43%	Premium stabilized at ~50%	→ Stable
Employee Costs	5% reduction	1.1% reduction (Actuarial hits)	↓ Slower benefit
Guidance Gap	Challenging (needs 12% growth)	Extreme (needs 20%+ growth for rest of year)	↓ Deteriorating
One-off Buffers	Tax/Receivable credits	Stripping Reversal (₹499 Cr)	→ Stable (Accounting)

STOP HERE.