

## 1. VERDICT & BUSINESS QUALITY SNAPSHOT

**Result:** Strong Beat on Core Operating Metrics; Inline on PAT. **One-line:** IDFC FIRST has graduated from its "Foundation Phase" to "Guidance 2.0," shifting the thesis from legacy cleanup to a high-visibility, 20% compounding machine where structural profitability (RoA 2.0%) is now a matter of operating leverage, not survival.

| Dimension                        | This Quarter             | Signal / Evidence                                                                                  | Sentiment |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Beat/Miss vs Guidance            | Strong Beat              | 9M-FY24 Credit Cost 1.26% vs 1.5% guidance; NIMs at 6.42% vs 5.5% merger target.                   | ☐         |
| Earnings Quality                 | High (Core driven)       | Core Operating Profit (ex-Treasury) grew 35% YoY; Fee income is 93% granular retail.               | ☐         |
| Guidance Confidence              | Strong                   | Unveiled "Guidance 2.0" targeting ₹12k-13k Cr PAT and 17-18% RoE by FY29.                          | ☐         |
| Management Credibility           | Strong                   | Infra book down to 1.6% of loans; CASA ratio sustained above 46% despite massive rate cuts.        | ☐         |
| Business Quality Signal          | Improving                | CD Ratio dropped to 101.4% (from 111% in Q1); structural NIM expansion via bond replacement.       | ☐         |
| Key Q&A Exchange                 | Q#20 - Calibrated Growth | Mgmt acknowledged RBI signal on "exuberance," shifting growth to 20% for better asset selection.   | ☐         |
| The Street's Primary Anxiety     | OPEX Intensity           | Analysts flagged "underwhelming" opex growth (33% YoY); Mgmt targets Q4-FY25 for the margin "jaw." | ☐         |
| Capital Cycle Stage              | Harvesting / Scale       | Shifting from branch/tech setup to harvesting retail operating leverage.                           | ☐         |
| Margin / Return Ratio Trajectory | Improving                | RoA hit 1.16% (9M avg); RoE at 10.7% (on higher capital base).                                     | ☐         |
| Pricing Power                    | Expanding                | Deposit growth of 43% YoY even after cutting SA rates to 3% for balances <₹1L.                     | ☐         |
| FCF Conversion & Quality         | N/A (Bank)               | LCR at 121%; liquidity remains robust during credit tightening.                                    | ☐         |
| Competitive Moat Signals         | Widening                 | Largest FASTag issuer; 2.2mn credit cards; brand trust decoupled from "rate-chasing."              | ☐         |
| Balance Sheet Strength           | Strong                   | Net Stressed Assets (Bank) at record low 0.66% of assets.                                          | ☐         |
| Working Capital Efficiency       | Improving                | Collection efficiency at 99.6% (Dec-23); SMA 1+2 at 0.85% (Retail/SME).                            | ☐         |
| Mgmt Guidance Track Record       | Reliable                 | Achieved/On-track for 15/18 merger-time targets early (Annexure 1).                                | ☐         |
| Key Vulnerability / Red Flag     | Opex Inflexibility       | High cost-to-income (72.8%) leaves little room for credit shocks if tech spend remains sticky.     | ☐         |
| Management Tone                  | Confident/Prudent        | CEO: "20% growth is nothing... we can further verbeter asset quality."                             | ☐         |

**Sentiment:** ☐Positive

**Key Takeaways (Positives & Negatives):** \* **Positives:** The bank has decisively entered a "Steady State" phase. Guidance 2.0 provides a clear 5-year roadmap to an ₹13,000 Cr profit pool, backed by a proven 14-year retail underwriting track record (GNPA/NNPA consistently 2%/1%). The liability franchise is now a formidable moat; growing deposits at 43% while cutting rates to 3% is a feat few peers can match. Structural tailwinds from the retirement of ₹13,607 Cr of legacy bonds (8.89% cost) will automatically add ~90bps to RoE as they mature through FY26. \* **Negatives:** Operating leverage is lagging. Opex (33% YoY) is still growing in lockstep with income, keeping Cost-to-Income at a high 72.8%. While management argues this is "setup karma," it delays the RoE expansion that the market expects. \* **Street Concern:** Analysts are skeptical about the opex "jaw" opening. Management's response was a firm "wait until Q4-FY25," citing the transition to FLDG models in digital lending as a key upcoming credit cost/opex lever. \* **Watchpoint:** The transition from 25% to 20% growth. If this "calibration" leads to lower marginal credit costs, it will be a positive for RoA; if it's purely a result of liquidity tightness, it may test the valuation multiple.

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## 2. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

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### 2A. KEY METRICS

| Metric                    | Current Qtr<br>(Q3-FY24) | YoY Change (vs<br>Q3-FY23) | QoQ Change<br>(vs Q2-FY24) | Trend | Mgmt Commentary                                                 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| NII Growth (%)            | 30%                      | -                          | 8.5%                       | ↑     | Driven by 24.5% loan growth and NIM expansion.                  |
| NIM (AUM basis %)         | 6.42%                    | ↑ 29 bps                   | ↑ 10 bps                   | ↑     | Expansion driven by retail mix and legacy bond run-off.         |
| Cost of Funds %           | 5.3%                     | Not in doc                 | Not in doc                 | →     | Blended cost stable; legacy bonds at 8.89% still a drag.        |
| Cost of Deposits %        | Not in doc               | Not in doc                 | Not in doc                 | -     | Mgmt notes SA rates now at 3% for <₹1L.                         |
| CASA Ratio (period end %) | 46.8%                    | ↓ 315 bps                  | ↑ 40 bps                   | →     | Stable despite system-wide CASA pressure.                       |
| CASA Ratio (avg %)        | 45.7%                    | ↓ 431 bps                  | ↑ 70 bps                   | ↑     | Daily average balance growth remains strong (+27% YoY).         |
| Credit-Deposit Ratio %    | 101.4%                   | ↓ 1310 bps                 | ↓ 410 bps                  | ↑     | Incremental CD ratio for 9M-FY24 is 79.9%.                      |
| Loans Growth (% YoY)      | 24.5%                    | -                          | 3.4%                       | ↓     | Sequential slowdown due to "calibrated growth" strategy.        |
| Deposits Growth (% YoY)   | 42.8%                    | -                          | 7.1%                       | ↑     | Strong retail momentum; Retail is 79% of customer deposits.     |
| GNPA %                    | 2.04%                    | ↓ 92 bps                   | ↓ 7 bps                    | ↑     | Improved; Retail segment even lower at 1.45%.                   |
| NNPA %                    | 0.68%                    | ↓ 35 bps                   | →                          | →     | Pristine; Ex-infra NNPA is 0.47%.                               |
| Slippage Ratio %          | 3.1% (est)               | →                          | →                          | →     | Gross slippages flat QoQ at ~₹1,400 Cr; Net at ₹850 Cr.         |
| Credit Cost (% funded)    | 1.26% (9M)               | ↓ 11 bps                   | ↑ 19 bps                   | ↓     | Q3 saw slight jump due to aging/ lower recoveries; guided 1.5%. |
| Collection Efficiency %   | 99.6%                    | ↑ 10 bps                   | ↑ 10 bps                   | ↑     | Dec-23 month peak; indicates high-quality booking.              |
| Capital Adequacy / CET1   | 16.73% / 13.95%          | ↑ 67 bps                   | ↑ 19 bps                   | ↑     | Supported by ₹3,000 Cr QIP in Oct-23.                           |
| PAT (₹Cr)                 | 716                      | ↑ 18%                      | ↓ 5%                       | ↓     | Muted by opex growth and credit cost normalization.             |
| Fee Income Growth %       | 32%                      | -                          | ↑ 6.7%                     | ↑     | 93% retail; Wealth Mgmt (+37%) and Cards (+61%) leading.        |

## 2B. SEGMENT BREAKDOWN

| Segment         | Loans (₹ Cr) | YoY Growth | GNPA % | Trend | vs Bank Avg     | Key Development                                         |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|--------|-------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Retail Finance  | 1,11,397     | 29.3%      | 1.45%* | ↑     | Outperforming   | Consumer Loans (+37.6%) and Vehicles (+31%) leading.    |
| Rural Finance   | 23,955       | 47.4%      | 1.45%* | ↑     | Outperforming   | Strong growth in JLG and Agri/Farmer loans.             |
| SME & Corporate | 51,129       | 15.6%      | 2.89%  | ↓     | Underperforming | CV/CE financing (+69.2%) and Business Banking (+49.9%). |
| Infrastructure  | 2,994        | -46.3%     | 26.66% | ↓     | Stressed        | Run-down nearly complete; now only 1.6% of book.        |

\*Retail and Rural GNPA reported as combined segment.

### 3. MANAGEMENT OUTLOOK & EXECUTION TRACKER

| Dimension | Category        | Management Target / Claim     | Required Run-Rate / Mathematical Feasibility                               | Historical Delivery              | Risk Flag |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Guidance  | Deposits (FY29) | ₹5,85,000 Cr.                 | Needs 24.8% CAGR; currently delivering 42.8%. Highly feasible.             | Achieved FY25 targets early.     | Low       |
| Guidance  | Loans (FY29)    | ₹5,00,000 Cr.                 | Needs 20.3% CAGR; currently delivering 24.5%. Highly feasible.             | Consistent (25% CAGR).           | Low       |
| Guidance  | RoA (FY29)      | 1.9-2.0%.                     | Needs ~40bps expansion from 9M-FY24 levels. Feasible via opex/bond levers. | Improving (1.05% to 1.16%).      | Moderate  |
| Guidance  | RoE (FY29)      | 17-18%.                       | Needs ~700bps expansion. Requires high operating leverage play.            | Improving (9.95% to 10.67%).     | High      |
| Strategy  | Opex Ratio      | Cost-to-Income 65% (Q4-FY25). | Currently 72.8%. Needs income to grow 10% faster than opex for 4 quarters. | Behind Schedule.                 | High      |
| Strategy  | Legacy Bonds    | Retire ₹13,607 Cr @ 8.89%.    | ₹5,064 Cr retiring in FY25; automatic margin kicker.                       | Delivered (₹5k Cr run-down YoY). | Low       |
| Macro     | Growth          | "Calibrated" 20% Growth.      | Lowering from 25% to weed out marginal risk and RBI exuberance.            | New Pivot.                       | Low       |

## 4. ANALYST Q&A

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| Q# | Relevance | Analyst / Firm         | Theme Cluster    | Category   | Underlying Concern                                                      | Management Response & Investment Implication                                                                                                                                                                                     | Evaded   | Credibility | Verdict     |
|----|-----------|------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| 1  | 5.0       | Ishan Agarwal / Erevna | Opex Intensity   | Financials | "Why is performance underwhelming with opex growing 33% vs income 31%?" | Management admitted being behind on the cost-to-income target but insisted the RoA remains on track due to higher-than-guided NIMs. Forward implication: Operating leverage is the primary re-rating trigger remaining for FY25. | None     | 4.0         | Transparent |
| 2  | 4.5       | Ishan Agarwal          | FLDG             | Financials | "When will the benefits of the new FLDG structure hit the P&L?"         | Benefits of moving to FLDG in digital loans will hit in Q3/Q4 FY25 through lower credit costs. This suggests a back-ended margin kicker for the next fiscal year.                                                                | None     | 4.5         | Specific    |
| 3  | 4.0       | Ishan Agarwal          | Capital Adequacy | Financials | "When will you raise capital again given CET-1 is below 14%?"           | Management declined to name a timeline, stating they would watch internal accruals over the next 4 quarters. No immediate dilution threat, but Tier-1 remains a monitoring point.                                                | Timeline | 3.0         | Hedged      |
| 4  | 4.0       | Ishan Agarwal          | Account Closures | Business   | "Why did debit card count drop in November?"                            | Management confirmed a cleanup of dormant/inactive                                                                                                                                                                               | None     | 5.0         | Clear       |

| Q# | Relevance | Analyst / Firm          | Theme Cluster | Category   | Underlying Concern                                                | Management Response & Investment Implication                                                                                                                                                    | Evaded | Credibility | Verdict        |
|----|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|
|    |           |                         |               |            |                                                                   | accounts to focus on quality over quantity. Reaffirms the shift from "growth at all costs" to "profitable quality."                                                                             |        |             |                |
| 5  | 4.5       | Gao Zhixuan / Schonfeld | Credit Cost   | Financials | "Why is credit cost trending up if slippages are flat?"           | Upward trend attributed to aging of existing NPA buckets and lower recoveries vs post-COVID peaks. Implies a "normalization" of credit costs toward the 1.5% long-term guidance.                | None   | 4.5         | Quantified     |
| 6  | 5.0       | Jai Mundhra / I-Sec     | Growth Pivot  | Outlook    | "Is the 20% loan growth guidance the new normal vs previous 25%?" | CEO confirmed a deliberate slowdown to ease deposit pressure, cut rates, and address RBI concerns on "exuberance." This is a significant strategic shift toward stability over rapid expansion. | None   | 5.0         | Strategic      |
| 7  | 4.0       | Nitin Aggarwal / MOSL   | CD Ratio      | Financials | "Any near-term targets for CD Ratio improvement?"                 | Bank intends to keep incremental CD ratio at 80% to bring the total below 100% by year-end. Indicates an end to the "capital-                                                                   | None   | 4.5         | Evidence-based |

| Q# | Relevance | Analyst / Firm          | Theme Cluster | Category   | Underlying Concern                                            | Management Response & Investment Implication                                                                                                                                   | Evaded    | Credibility | Verdict     |
|----|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
|    |           |                         |               |            |                                                               | hungry" phase of the bank.                                                                                                                                                     |           |             |             |
| 8  | 3.5       | Rohan Mandora / Equirus | Credit Card   | Financials | "What are the operating losses in the credit card portfolio?" | Management expects the credit card business to break even next year and be profitable the year after. Confirms the gestation period of new retail products is nearing its end. | Specifics | 3.5         | Directional |
| 9  | 4.0       | Gao Zhixuan             | Guidance 2.0  | Outlook    | "Is the 20% growth conservative or due to RBI issues?"        | Management stated it is a "reasonably safe" number that allows for better asset quality and less branch expansion pressure. Implies a higher probability of beating guidance.  | None      | 4.0         | Prudent     |

**PATTERN FLAGS & SENTIMENT** \* **The "Calibration" Narrative:** Multiple analysts pressed on the growth slowdown (25% to 20%). Management's posture was confident, framing it as a "mature" choice to improve credit selection and comply with regulatory undertones. This pivot was generally accepted as it reduces the "liquidity-chasing" risk. \* **Opex Skepticism:** Analysts (led by Erevna Capital) are growing tired of the "early-stage investment" explanation for high opex. Management was defensive but provided a specific catalyst (FLDG transition) and a timeline (Q4-FY25) for improvement. \* **Analyst Sentiment Verdict: Cautiously Bullish.** Conviction in the deposit franchise and asset quality is at an all-time high. However, friction has shifted to "Cost-to-Income" and "ROE timing." Skepticism about the merger cleanup has fully vanished, replaced by a forensic focus on operating leverage. Credibility remains strong as the bank continues to meet/beat its primary margin and credit guidance.



## 5. WHAT CHANGED vs PRIOR QUARTER (vs Q1-FY24)

| What Changed           | Prior Quarter (Q1-FY24) | This Quarter (Q3-FY24) | Direction           |
|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Loan Growth Strategy   | Chasing 25%+ CAGR.      | "Calibrated" 20% CAGR. | ↓ Slower/Safe       |
| CD Ratio               | 111.1%.                 | 101.4%.                | ↑ Improving         |
| NIMs (AUM basis)       | 6.33%.                  | 6.42%.                 | ↑ Expanding         |
| RoA (9M avg)           | 1.13%.                  | 1.16%.                 | ↑ Improving         |
| Capital Adequacy (CAR) | 16.96%.                 | 16.73%.                | ↓ (Post QIP usage)  |
| Legacy Bonds @ 8.9%    | ₹16,055 Cr.             | ₹13,607 Cr.            | ↑ Reducing Drag     |
| Net Stressed Assets %  | 0.70%.                  | 0.66%.                 | ↑ Record Health     |
| Long-Term Guidance     | Guidance 1.0 (FY25).    | Guidance 2.0 (FY29).   | ↑ Higher Visibility |
| SA Interest Rate       | ~4% for <₹10L.          | 3% for <₹1L.           | ↑ Brand Strength    |

STOP HERE.