

1. VERDICT & BUSINESS QUALITY SNAPSHOT

The punchline. Read this first — it frames everything below.

Result: Revenue Beat / Margin Miss **One-line:** Om Infra is successfully scaling its topline via the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM), but the pivot to low-margin water projects and unrecovered steel price escalations have gutted operating margins, making the investment thesis entirely dependent on non-core asset monetization and legal awards.

Dimension	This Quarter	Signal / Evidence	Sentiment
Beat/Miss vs Guidance / Prior Quarter	Strong Revenue Beat / Significant Margin Miss	Revenue grew 215% YoY; EBITDA margins collapsed to 5% from 20%.	□
Earnings Quality	Low (Tax/One-off driven)	Q3 PAT (₹7 Cr) was aided by a ₹1 Cr tax credit; 9M PAT is only ₹2 Cr.	□
Guidance Confidence	Neutral	Non-core cash flow targets (₹841 Cr) are highly contingent on litigation/govt.	□
Management Credibility	Neutral	Execution on JJM is visible, but margin protection was absent.	□
Business Quality Signal	Deteriorating	Shift from specialized Hydro-mechanical (high margin) to commoditized Water supply.	□
Key Q&A Exchange	Section not applicable — investor presentation only.	N/A	□
The Street's Primary Anxiety	Margin sustainability in the JJM segment.	Mgmt notes 8-12% target for JJM, yet current blended EBITDA is <5%.	□
Capital Cycle Stage	Investment / Working Capital Build-up	Massive topline growth is consuming cash to fund JJM execution.	□
Margin / Return Ratio Trajectory	Deteriorating	9M EBITDA margin at 4% vs 21% in 9MFY22.	□
Pricing Power	Eroding	Lag effect in passing through steel cost escalations.	□
FCF Conversion & Quality	Weak	High revenue growth on 4% EBITDA suggests negligible FCF post-interest.	□
Competitive Moat Signals	Shrinking	Increased reliance on JJM (civil work) vs specialized Hydro-gates.	□
Balance Sheet Strength	Adequate	Real estate debt is low (₹7Cr), but recovery of dues/claims is slow.	□
Working Capital Efficiency	Deteriorating	Inventory and Debtors likely rising to support 215% revenue growth.	□
Mgmt Guidance Track Record	Mixed	Revenue growth delivered; profitability targets significantly missed.	□
Key Vulnerability / Red Flag	Low Core Profitability	Interest expenses (₹9.1 Cr 9M) exceed EBITDA (₹6.6 Cr 9M).	□
Management Tone	Optimistic on Cash Inflows	Heavy focus on ₹841 Cr potential from non-core/awards.	□

Sentiment: □Neutral

Key Takeaways (Positives & Negatives):

Positives: * **Massive Execution Ramp-up:** Revenue of ₹209.2 Cr in Q3 is a 3x jump YoY, proving the ability to mobilize and execute large-scale Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) contracts. * **Strong Potential Liquidity:** The pipeline of "Estimated Cashflows" from Real Estate and Arbitration stands at ₹841 Cr, which is several times the current market cap, providing a deep "sum-of-the-parts" safety net if realized. * **Low Debt in Real Estate:** Debt of only ₹7Cr against real estate projects with ₹30 Cr in remaining realizable value (Pallacia + Kota) is a significant credit positive.

Negatives: * **Operational Unprofitability:** Core EBITDA (₹6.6 Cr) for 9M is insufficient to cover Interest Expenses (₹9.1 Cr), meaning the business is currently not generating enough operating cash to service its debt. * **Margin Cannibalization:** The pivot to JJM projects (which garner 8-12% margins) and raw material price spikes have reduced EBITDA margins from a historical ~20% level to a meager 4-5%. * **Uncertain Recovery Timelines:** While the Bhilwara Toll Road (₹79 Cr) and NEEPCO awards are favorable, the actual timing of cash receipt remains "3 to 4 years" or "awaiting board approval," making them unreliable for near-term liquidity. * **Low Quality PAT:** The reported 9M profit is heavily supported by tax adjustments and "profit from discontinued operations" in prior periods rather than core engineering margins.

2. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

2A. KEY METRICS

DATA SOURCE: Concall not available — Mgmt Commentary absent.

Metric	Current Qtr (Q3FY23)	YoY Change	QoQ Change	Trend	Mgmt Commentary
Total Income (₹Cr)	209.2	↑ 215.5%	↑ 15.3%	↑	Driven by JJM execution scale-up.
EBITDA (₹Cr)	9.9	↓ 24.4%	↑ 135.7%	↓	YoY decline despite revenue surge.
EBITDA Margin %	4.7%	↓ 1,500 bps	↑ 240 bps	↓	Impacted by steel prices and JJM mix.
PAT (₹Cr)	8.7	↑ 50.0%	↑ 278.3%	↑	Aided by ₹1 Cr tax credit.
Order Book (₹Cr)	Not in doc	First entry	First entry	→	Not specifically updated in PPT.
Net Sales (9M FY23)	452.5	↑ 136.4%	N/A	↑	Massive scale in JJM projects.
Interest Exp (9M)	19.1	↓ 12.8%	N/A	↑	High relative to operating profit.
Raw Material Cost %	61.4%	↑ 5,900 bps	↓ 120 bps	↓	Steel price lag effect cited.
Real Estate Debt	7.0	First entry	First entry	□	Negligible debt in RE projects.
Cashflow Potential	1,841	First entry	First entry	→	Significant non-core asset value.

2B. SEGMENT BREAKDOWN

Segment	Revenue (₹Cr)	YoY Growth	Margin (Est)	Trend	vs Co Avg	Key Development
Engineering	Not Split	N/A	High	↓	Above	Core hydro-mechanical work.
JJM (Water)	Not Split	N/A	8 - 12%	↑	Below	Rapidly becoming the main driver.
Real Estate	Not Split	N/A	High	→	Above	Jaipur project 74% sold (sqft).

3. MANAGEMENT OUTLOOK & EXECUTION TRACKER

Dimension	Category	Management Target / Claim	Required Run-Rate / Mathematical Feasibility	Historical Delivery	Risk Flag
Guidance	JJM Margins	8% - 12% EBITDA Margin	Requires doubling current 9M margin (4%).	Missed (9M @ 4%)	High
Guidance	Cash Inflow (RE)	₹1180 Cr (2-5 years)	59 Cr - ₹147 Cr per quarter.	Ongoing (Jaipur)	Medium
Guidance	Cash Inflow (Legal)	661 Cr (0-4 years)	Highly binary outcome based on court/PWD.	Slow execution	High
Macro	Renewable Energy	450 GW RE capacity 2030	Large Hydro reclassified as RE helps.	Sector tailwind	Low
Macro	Water Infrastructure	\$270 Bn spend (5-15 yrs)	Govt. focus on 'Har Ghar Jal' is the driver.	Policy dependent	Low
Balance	Monetization	Exit non-core assets	Targeted ₹841 Cr total inflow.	Historically slow	High

4. ANALYST Q&A

Section not applicable — investor presentation only. No concall conducted or available.

5. WHAT CHANGED vs PRIOR QUARTER

First entry — no prior quarter to compare.

STOP HERE.