

TARC Ltd — Feb 2026 Quarterly Analysis

1. VERDICT & BUSINESS QUALITY SNAPSHOT

Result: Inline (Execution) / Beat (Operational Milestones) **One-line:** TARC has cleared its most critical execution hurdle by receiving the Tripundra Occupation Certificate (OC), finally unlocking the revenue recognition engine while simultaneously expanding its core GDV potential from ₹7,700 Cr to ₹9,000 Cr.

Dimension	This Quarter	Signal / Evidence	Sentiment
Beat/Miss vs Guidance	Beat	Tripundra OC received; Kailasa 1.0 sold out; GDV potential upgraded by 17%.	□
Earnings Quality	Low (Transitional)	Reported Revenue (₹0.38 Cr) remains negligible as revenue recognition from Tripundra is yet to hit the P&L.	□
Guidance Confidence	Strong	Management delivered on the "near-term" OC milestone and sold out the first phase of their flagship Delhi project.	□
Management Credibility	Strong	Refinancing at "substantial lower cost" and receiving the first major OC validates the pivot from land-owner to developer.	□
Business Quality Signal	Improving	Shift to ultra-luxury confirmed by high velocity in Kailasa and IGBC Platinum pre-certifications.	□
Key Q&A Exchange	N/A	Section not applicable — investor presentation only.	□
The Street's Primary Anxiety	Execution Risk	Partially alleviated by Tripundra OC receipt; focus now shifts to construction speed at Kailasa/Ishva.	□
Capital Cycle Stage	Investment/ Growth	High intensity; 2.5 million sqft of new developments on fully paid land parcels announced.	□
Margin Trajectory	Improving	Finance costs for 9M FY26 (₹0.37 Cr) show massive reduction vs 9M FY25 (₹0.82 Cr).	□
Pricing Power	Expanding	GDV per project revised upward (Ishva from ₹2,700 Cr to ₹3,600 Cr) suggesting higher realizations.	□
FCF Conversion & Quality	Distorted	Cash flows are locked in inventory/construction WIP; accounting profits await completion milestones.	□
Competitive Moat Signals	Widening	Ownership of fully-paid, prime Delhi/Gurugram land parcels is a major advantage vs peers buying expensive land now.	□
Balance Sheet Strength	Adequate	Successful refinancing and "Other Income" cushions provide liquidity for construction.	□
Working Capital Efficiency	Stable	Inventory buildup is intentional as 3.4 million sqft is under active construction.	□
Mgmt Guidance Track Record	Reliable	Consistent delivery on branding, refinancing, and the pivotal Tripundra OC.	□
Key Vulnerability	Timing	The gap between "Sold GDV" and "Reported Revenue" remains wide due to completion-based accounting.	□
Management Tone	Confident	Focus on "Bespoke Homes," "Hospitality-led Luxury," and expanded pipeline.	□

Key Takeaways (Positives & Negatives): * **Positives:** The receipt of the **Tripundra Occupation Certificate (OC)** is the quarter's most significant event, as it transitions the company from an "accounting loss" phase to

"revenue recognition." Operational momentum is high: **Kailasa 1.0 is sold out**, and total GDV potential has been revised upward to **₹9,000 Cr** (from ₹7,700 Cr), primarily driven by better realizations at TARC Ishva and Kailasa. The announcement of **2.5 MSF of new developments** on owned land provides a clear growth tail for the next 3-5 years. * **Negatives:** Reported P&L financials (Revenue of ₹0.38 Cr for Q3) remain functionally decoupled from the business's actual economic activity, which can lead to volatility in stock sentiment among retail investors who do not track project-completion accounting. * **Street Concern:** Analysts are watching the gap between "Presales" and "Collections." While branding is top-tier (Forbes A-List, Economic Times awards), the market requires proof that TARC can scale construction across multiple large-format sites (Kailasa and Ishva) simultaneously without delays. * **Watchpoint:** The quantum of revenue and profit booked in Q4 FY26 following the Tripundra OC receipt will be the first "real" P&L test for the new TARC.

2. BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

2A. KEY METRICS DATA SOURCE: Concall not available — Mgmt Commentary column is based on PPT content.

Metric	Current Qtr (Q3FY26)	YoY Change	QoQ Change	Trend	Mgmt Commentary
Presales (₹Cr)	Not in doc	-	-	-	"Kailasa 1.0 sold-out" indicates strong velocity.
Equivalent Area Constructed	Not in doc	-	-	-	Tripundra complete (OC received); Kailasa/Ishva in active construction.
Pre-tax Operating CF (₹Cr)	Not in doc	-	-	-	Not explicitly provided; interest costs falling suggests positive cash movements.
Realization/sqft (₹)	~26,000	↑ 4%	↑ 4%	↑	Implied by ₹4,400 Cr GDV for 1.7M sqft (Kailasa).
Revenue Potential (GDV) (₹Cr)	9,000	↑ 16.9%	↑ 16.9%	↑	Upward revision from ₹7,700 Cr last quarter.
Revenue (₹Cr)	0.38	↑ 310%	↓ 94.5%	↓	YoY rise from tiny base; QoQ drop from ₹6.87 Cr (Q2).
PAT (₹Cr)	(0.21)	↑ 26.8%	↑ 98.7%	↑	Loss narrowed vs Q3FY25 (₹0.29 Cr) and Q2FY26 (₹15.77 Cr).
Land Bank (acres)	~500	→ 0%	→ 0%	→	Core asset remains the legacy land bank.
D/E Ratio	Not in doc	-	-	-	Refinanced borrowings at "substantially lower cost."

2B. SEGMENT BREAKDOWN

Project	Sales Potential (₹ Cr)	Saleable Area (Sqft)	Status	Trend	vs Company Avg	Key Development
TARC Kailasa (Delhi)	4,400	1,700,000	Active Const.	↑	Largest	Phase 1.0 Sold Out; GDV increased from ₹4,000 Cr.
TARC Ishva (Gurgaon)	3,600	1,700,000	Active Const.	↑	Growth	GDV increased from ₹2,700 Cr; IGBC Platinum Pre-cert.
TARC Tripundra (Delhi)	1,000	500,000	Completed	↑	Near Term	OC Received ; 3 & 4 BHK luxury development.
Planned Developments	Not in doc	2,500,000	Planning	New	Pipeline	3 new projects on owned & fully paid land.

3. MANAGEMENT OUTLOOK & EXECUTION TRACKER

Dimension	Category	Management Target / Claim	Required Run-Rate / Feasibility	Historical Delivery	Risk Flag
Guidance	Project Status	Receive OC for Tripundra.	Achieved in Q3.	Delivered	None
Guidance	Sales	Sell out Kailasa 1.0.	High velocity required in luxury segment.	Delivered	None
Strategy	Pipeline	Launch 3 new developments (~2.5 MSF).	Requires finalization of design and approvals.	First entry	Low
Strategy	Branding	Transition to "Ultra Luxury" and "Signature Amenities."	Maintain high ticket size and Ferrari/Aston-level branding.	On Track	None
Balance	Debt	Refinance project debt at lower cost.	Reduce quarterly interest burden.	Delivered	Low

(N/A — no concall conducted or available to track Q&A specific guidance updates.)

5. WHAT CHANGED vs PRIOR QUARTER

What Changed	Prior Quarter (Q2FY26)	This Quarter (Q3FY26)	Direction
Tripundra Status	OC Pending / Nearing Completion	OC Received	↑ Major De-risking
Portfolio GDV	₹7,700 Cr	₹9,000 Cr	↑ Value Accretion
Kailasa Sales	Launch Phase	Kailasa 1.0 Sold Out	↑ Operational Hit
Future Pipeline	3.5 MSF Core Focus	+2.5 MSF New Developments Added	↑ Growth Visibility
Finance Costs	Refinancing in progress	Substantially lower cost achieved	↑ B/S Strengthening
Ishva Potential	₹2,700 Cr GDV	₹3,600 Cr GDV	↑ Pricing Power

INVESTOR NOTES: * **The Recognition Trigger:** The receipt of the Tripundra OC is the single most important catalyst for the stock's fundamental valuation. It allows the company to move roughly ₹1,000 Cr of contracted sales into the revenue and profit columns. This will likely provide the first "clean" P&L that isn't dominated by "Other Income." * **GDV Inflation:** The jump from ₹7,700 Cr to ₹9,000 Cr GDV across the three core projects (Kailasa, Ishva, Tripundra) reflects management's ability to command premium pricing in a buoyant Delhi/NCR

luxury market. Specifically, the ₹900 Cr upgrade in TARC Ishva (Gurgaon) suggests significant price hikes. *

Growth Pipeline: By announcing 2.5 million sqft of new developments on *owned and fully paid* land, TARC is signaling that it does not need to participate in the current hyper-competitive and expensive land auctions to grow. This preserves future margins. *

Interest Expense: While the absolute numbers in the PPT are small (listed in Lakhs), the trend of decreasing finance costs (9M FY26 vs 9M FY25) confirms the successful debt-restructuring thesis mentioned in the prior quarter. *

Thesis Change: Positive Reinforcement. The thesis has moved from "Can they sell and build?" to "How fast can they scale?". The delivery of the first OC removes the existential risk of being a "perpetual developer." The massive upward revision in GDV potential adds a margin of safety to the valuation.

STOP HERE.